



ST. JOSEPH PUBLIC SCHOOL

Kota Barrage Road, Kota-6 (Raj.)

C.B.S.E. New Delhi, **POLITICAL SCIENCE**

SOLUTIONS

Class: **XII**

2025-26

MM: **80**

Section A

Answer / उत्तर

1

A – Growth of multilateralism / बहुपक्षवाद का विकास

2

A – Rio Summit (Agenda-21)

3

B – 1974

4

C – China

5

B – Jawaharlal Nehru

6

C – A true, R false

7

C – P. V. Narasimha Rao

8

B – Lal Bahadur Shastri

9

A – Jayaprakash Narayan

10

D – I-iv, II-ii, III-iii, IV-i

11

A – Article 352

12

B – Sucheta Kriplani

Section B

Q. No.

Key Points / ਪ੍ਰਮੁੱਖ ਬਿੰਦੂ

13

Industrialisation; socialist pattern of society.

14

Non-alignment, Panchsheel (peaceful co-existence).

15

End of Cold War; US unipolarity.

16

Identify OBCs; 27 % reservation in government jobs.

17

National integration; economic reconstruction.

18

Global Commons = resources beyond national control; e.g. oceans / outer space.

Section C

Q. No.

Value Points / ਮੂਲਧਾਰਕ ਸੰਕੇਤ

19

Meaning – independent foreign policy; avoided military blocs; importance – protected sovereignty, peaceful diplomacy.

20

Peaceful redrawing of states (Andhra, Gujarat); democratic handling of regional demands; shows unity in diversity.

21 A

Causes – technology revolution, liberal economic policies; 21 B – FDI, employment, inequality, consumerism.

22 A

Decline of Congress dominance, rise of regional parties; 22 B – pluralism, representation of regional interests.

23

(Any 4) End of Emergency, defeat of Congress, rise of Janata Party, revival of democracy, restoration of faith.

Section D

Q. No.

Key Points / ਮੁਖ ਬਿੰਦੂ

24

Issue – Environmental protection; Summit – Rio 1992; Symbol – Developed & Developing nations; Agreement – Kyoto Protocol 1997.

25

I – Tamil Nadu (1967 non-Congress); II – Haryana (“Aaya Ram Gaya Ram”); III – Kerala; IV – Tamil Nadu (K. Kamaraj).

26

Unipolar world = single super-power; Country – USA; Impact – economic dependency; India adjusted due to 1991 crisis & end of Soviet aid.

Section E

Q. No.

Value Points / मूल्यांकन संकेत

27 A

UN reforms (transparency, peace-keeping); India deserves seat – largest democracy, population, economy, peace missions; 27 B – UN organs: GA, SC, ECOSOC, ICJ, Secretariat, Trusteeship Council.

28 A

Consensus areas – democracy, secularism, economic liberalisation, foreign policy continuity; 28 B – Multi-party system ensures representation, limits authoritarianism, encourages coalition.

29 A

Linguistic reorganisation reduced tension, strengthened unity; 29 B – Integration of princely states via diplomacy; Manipur merged 1949.

30 A

ASEAN – economic growth, regional stability; 30 B – Japan – technological power, global donor, Asia-Pacific influence.